

**PATENT** 

Attorney Docket No. 211178

Client Reference No. F32292US

## IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFF

In re Application of:

Michael J. UNDERHILL

Application No. 09/831,413

Filed: August 1, 2001

For: **ANTI-JITTER CIRCUITS**  Art Unit: 2816

Examiner: M.T. Nguyen

## PENDING CLAIMS AFTER AMENDMENTS MADE IN RESPONSE TO OFFICE ACTION DATED JULY 3, 2002

1. An anti-jitter circuit for reducing time jitter in an input pulse train comprising, an integrator charge storage means for storing charge,

charging means for deriving from the input pulse train at least one charge packet during each cycle of the input pulse train and for supplying the charge packets to the integrator charge storage means,

discharging means for continuously discharging the integrator charge storage means,

the charging means and the discharging means being operative to create on the integrator charge storage means a time varying voltage waveform,

a low pass filter coupled to said integrator charge storage means for deriving a mean d.c. voltage level of said time varying voltage waveform, and

means for comparing said time varying voltage waveform with said mean d.c. voltage level and deriving an output pulse train as a result of the comparison.

- 2. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 1 wherein said discharging means comprises a discharge device having a control input and said low pass filter defines a negative feedback path between the control input and an output of the integrator charge storage means whereby to maintain said mean d.c. voltage level substantially constant.
- 3. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 2 wherein said discharge device is a current source or a current sink.
- 4. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 3 wherein said discharge device is a transistor.
- 6. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 1 wherein the low pass filter comprises the combination of a resistor and a capacitor.
- 7. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 2 wherein said mean d.c. voltage level is generated at an output of said negative feedback path and said means for comparing comprises a comparator having a first input coupled to the integrator charge storage means and a second input coupled to said output of the negative feedback path.
- 8. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 2 including a monostable circuit connected to the output of said means for comparing.

- 9. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 8 wherein said d.c. voltage level is used to control the pulse length of pluses output by the monostable circuit.
- 10. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 9 wherein the monostable circuit is a current-controlled monostable circuit and has a control input coupled to the output of said negative feedback path by a current mirror matched to said discharge device.
- 11. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 10 wherein said discharge device and said current mirror are matched transistors.
- 12. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 8 wherein said monostable circuit is triggered whenever a discharge part of the time-varying voltage waveform crosses the mean d.c. voltage level.
- 13. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 1 comprising a first said charging means and a second said charging means for deriving charge packets respectively from the rising and falling edges of the input pulse train, said first and second charging means being effective as a frequency doubling means.
- 14. An anti-jitter circuit as claim in claim 1 including means for maintaining the charge value of the charge packets substantially constant.

- 15. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 14 wherein said means for maintaining comprises a further transistor coupled between said charging means and said integrator charge storage means.
- 16. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 15 wherein said further transistor is arranged to operate in grounded base mode.
- 17. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 16 including averaging means connected to the base of the further transistor.
- 18. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 15 wherein said discharging means includes a first field effect transistor operative as a discharge device and said further transistor is a second field effective transistor, and the gate of the first field effect transistor is connected to the gate of the second field effect transistor.
- 19. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 2 wherein said means for comparing comprises inverted gate means having an input coupled to the integrator charge storage means and an output, and including means defining a further negative feedback path between said output of said inverted gate means and said discharging means whereby to establish said mean d.c. voltage level as a switching level of said inverted gate means.

- 20. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 19 wherein said further negative feedback path is connected between said output of said inverted gate means and said control input of said discharging device.
- 21. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 19 wherein said further negative feedback path comprises a low pass filter.
- 22. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 21 wherein said low pass filter comprises the combination of a resistor and a capacitor.
- 23. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 2 wherein said means for comparing comprises inverted gate means having an input coupled to the integrator charge storage means and an output, and including a voltage source coupled to the discharging means whereby to establish said mean d.c. voltage level as a switching level of said inverted gate means.
- 24. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 23 wherein said voltage source is connected between said output of said inverted gate means and said control input of said discharging device.
- 25. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 2 including means providing a low impedance path between the input and the output of the negative feedback path.

- 26. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 25 wherein said low impedance path is formed by diodes connected back-to-back.
- 27. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 1 wherein said charging means is a charge pump.
- 29. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 20 wherein said further negative feedback path comprises a low pass filter.
- 30. An anti-jitter circuit as claimed in claim 29 wherein said low pass filter comprises the combination of a resistor and a capacitor.